1550-nm Free-Space Reference Frame Independent (RFI) Quantum Key Distribution System

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Free-Space Quantum Key Distribution (QKD)

- > A promising solution for secure communication between two remote parties through free space
 - Unconditional security based on no-cloning theorem
 - ◆ No requirement of physical connection between two remote parties
 - Applicable to moving terminals with the characteristics such as moving position, outside operation, and limited internal space

Moving Position

- Conventional BB84 protocol assumes a shared reference, i.e., polarization reference
 - Requires active compensation

Outside Operation

- Intensive noise issue by sun light
 - Significant degradation of the performance
- Solution

Limited Transmitter/Receiver Size

- > Moving terminals usually has limited space
 - Bulk optics based implementation is not suitable
- Solution

Solution

- Reference Frame Independent (RFI) QKD
- Removal of active compensation
- The use of 1550-nm wavelength
- Single mode fiber (SMF) coupling for spatial filtering
- Chip scale implementation
- **Comparability** with chips in fiber based QKD

1550-nm Free-Space RFI Quantum Key Distribution System & Performances

> 1550-nm free-space QKD system

- RFI QKD protocol
- Generation of 1550-nm quantum signal
- ◆ 100 MHz repetition rate
- ♦ 0.1 mean photon number
- Implementation with passive optical components
- Fully controlled by FPGA
- ◆ 1560-nm sync signal for control of FPGA
- InGaAs SPDs

with 10% DE, 1 ns gate width, 0 dead time

SMF coupling in Rx

Each SPD is coupled with SMF (9 μm)



- Coupling loss < 2 dB</p>
- Robust to the noise from external light
- Low quantum bit error rate (QBER)
 at circular polarization (~ 0.8%)
- > 6-channel array laser diode
 - Dimension: 31 mm x 8 mm x 6 mm
 - Gain switching operation
 for phase randomization
 - 100 MHz pulse operation
 with 200 ps pulse width
 - Controllability of temperature of individual channel
 - Polarization maintaining fiber (PMF) pigtail

Conclusion

Future Works

Free-space RFI QKD implementation

- QKD performance independent to reference frame
- > 1550-nm optics implementation and SMF coupling in Rx
 - Robust operation to external light
- > 6-channel array laser diode

Chip scale implementation of laser source

Fully chip scale implementation

Polarization encoder and decoder

Single photon detector

Related electronics and integration of the chips

SMF coupling with beam tracking

Stable coupling under moving terminals

